



Florida Arbovirus Surveillance Week 35: August 29-September 4, 2021

Arbovirus surveillance in Florida includes endemic mosquito-borne viruses such as West Nile virus (WNV), Eastern equine encephalitis virus (EEEV), and St. Louis encephalitis virus (SLEV), as well as exotic viruses such as dengue virus (DENV), chikungunya virus (CHIKV), Zika virus (ZIKV) and California encephalitis group viruses (CEV). Malaria, a parasitic mosquito-borne disease is also included. During the period of August 29-September 4, 2021, the following arboviral activity was recorded in Florida.

WNV activity: No human cases of WNV infection were reported this week. No horses with WNV infection were reported this week. Two sentinel chickens tested positive for antibodies to WNV this week in Bay and Walton counties. One mosquito pool tested positive for WNV this week in Collier County. In 2021, positive samples from 43 sentinel chickens and two mosquito pools have been reported from nine counties.

SLEV activity: No human cases of SLEV infection were reported this week. No sentinel chickens tested positive for antibodies to SLEV this week. In 2021, positive samples from two sentinel chickens have been reported from one county.

EEEV activity: No human cases of EEEV infection were reported this week. No horses with EEEV infection were reported this week. One sentinel chicken tested positive for antibodies to EEEV this week in Walton County. In 2021, positive samples from 15 horses and 169 sentinel chickens have been reported from 28 counties.

International Travel-Associated Dengue Fever Cases No cases of dengue fever were reported this week in persons that had international travel. In 2021, six travel-associated dengue fever cases have been reported.

Dengue Fever Cases Acquired in Florida: No cases of locally acquired dengue fever were reported this week. In 2021, no cases of locally acquired dengue fever have been reported.

International Travel-Associated Chikungunya Fever Cases: No cases of chikungunya fever were reported this week in persons that had international travel. In 2021, one travel-associated chikungunya fever case has been reported.

Chikungunya Fever Cases Acquired in Florida: No cases of locally acquired chikungunya fever were reported this week. In 2021, no cases of locally acquired chikungunya fever have been reported.

International Travel-Associated Zika Fever Cases: No cases of Zika fever were reported this week in persons that had international travel. In 2021, no travel-associated Zika fever cases have been reported.

Zika Fever Cases Acquired in Florida: No cases of locally acquired Zika fever were reported this week. In 2021, no cases of locally acquired Zika fever have been reported.

Advisories/Alerts: Citrus, Jefferson, Nassau, Orange, Pasco and Walton counties are currently under a mosquito-borne illness advisory. No other counties are currently under mosquito-borne illness advisory or alert. A Level 1 Travel Health Notice has been issued for Central and South America, Mexico, the Caribbean, Asia, the Pacific Islands, Africa, and the Middle East related to the transmission of dengue virus, for Burundi related to malaria transmission and for Chad related to Leishmaniasis. A Level 2 Travel Health Alert has been issued for Nigeria related to the transmission of yellow fever virus. Additional information on travel health notices can be found at: wwwnc.cdc.gov/travel/notices. For a map of arboviral disease activity in the United States visit: www.cdc.gov/arbovet/maps/ADB_Diseases_Map/index.html.

2021 Human Case Summary

International Travel-Associated Chikungunya Fever Cases: One case of chikungunya fever with onset in 2021 has been reported in an individual with travel history to a chikungunya endemic country in the two weeks prior to onset. Country of origin was: Brazil. County reporting the case was: Broward.

International Travel-Associated Dengue Fever Cases: Six cases with onset in 2021 have been reported in individuals with travel history to a dengue endemic area in the two weeks prior to onset. Counties reporting cases were: Broward, Hernando, Hillsborough, Miami-Dade and Palm Beach (2): One case was reported in a non-Florida resident. In 2021, five cases of dengue reported in Florida have been serotyped by PCR. Please see the table below for a breakdown of case by country of origin and serotype.

Country of Exposure	DENV-1	DENV-2	DENV-3	Unknown Serotype	Total
Colombia			1		1
Cuba		1			1
Ecuador	1				1
Honduras				1	1
Mexico/Caribbean		1			1
Saint Barts	1				1
Total	2	2	1	1	6

International Travel-Associated Malaria Cases: Twenty-six cases of malaria with onset in 2021 have been reported. Countries of origin were: Cameroon (3), Côte D'Ivoire, Ethiopia, Ghana (4), Kenya, Liberia (3), Mozambique, Nigeria (4), Sierra Leone (4), Togo, Uganda (2) and Venezuela. Counties reporting cases were: Alachua, Brevard (2), Broward (4), Duval (4), Miami-Dade (3), Orange (2), Osceola (2), Palm Beach (2), Polk (2), Seminole (3) and St. Johns. Three cases were reported in non-Florida residents.

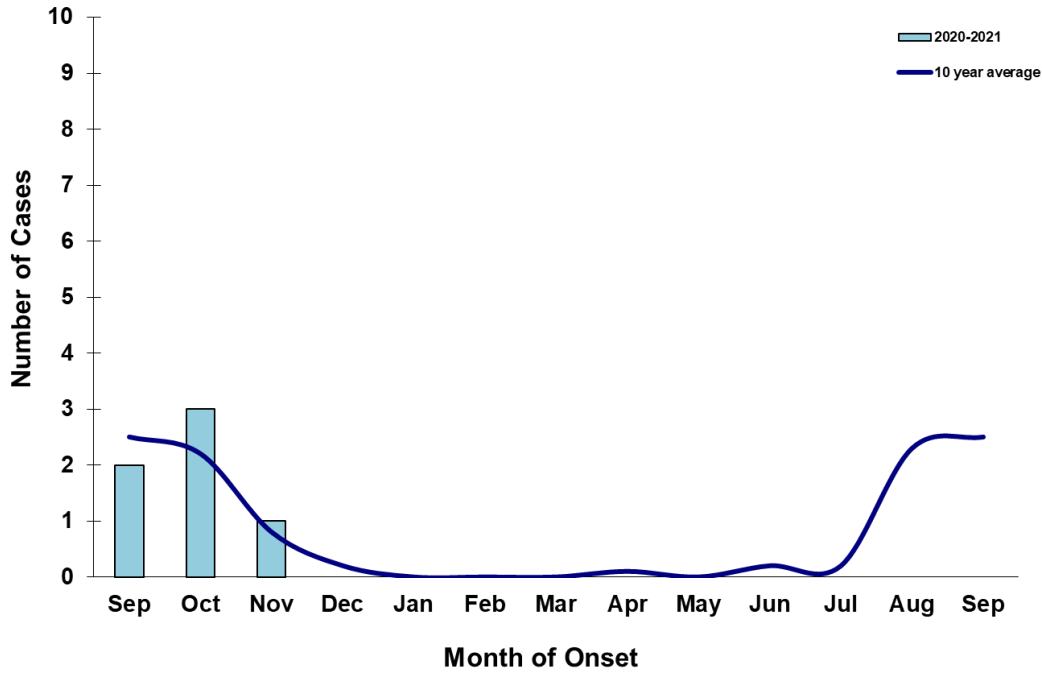
Twenty-three cases (88%) were diagnosed with *Plasmodium falciparum*. One case (4%) was diagnosed with *Plasmodium malariae*. One case (4%) was diagnosed with *Plasmodium ovale*. One case (4%) was diagnosed with *Plasmodium vivax*.

Veterinary Cases*

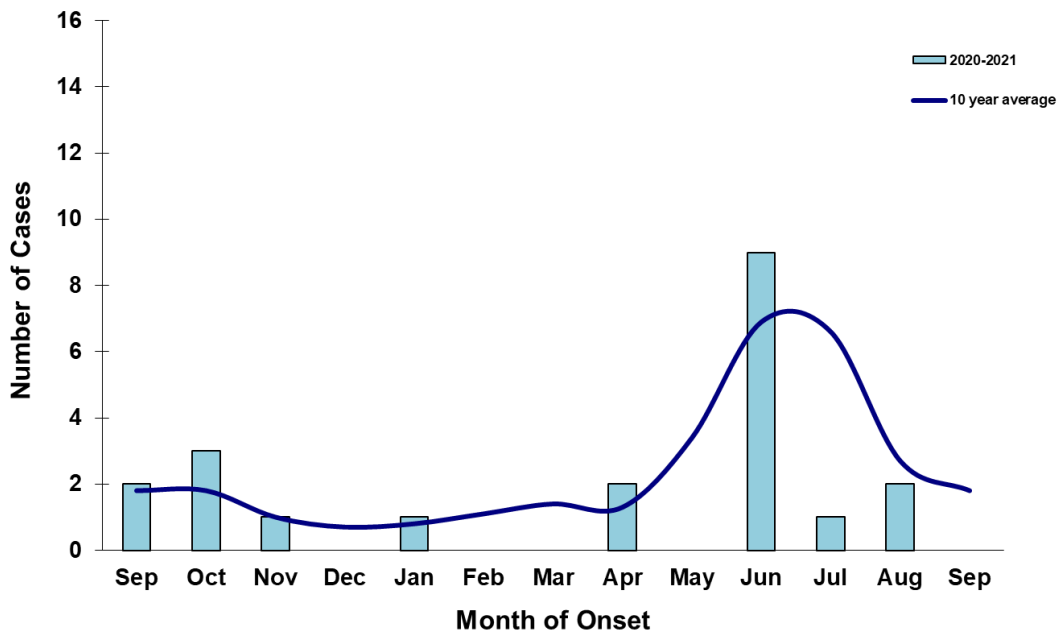
*Veterinary cases are reported by date of onset. Only mammalian veterinary cases are included in the graphs.

No horses with EEEV or WNV infection were reported this week.

Veterinary WNV Disease in Florida, September 2020-2021



Veterinary EEEV Disease in Florida, September 2020-2021



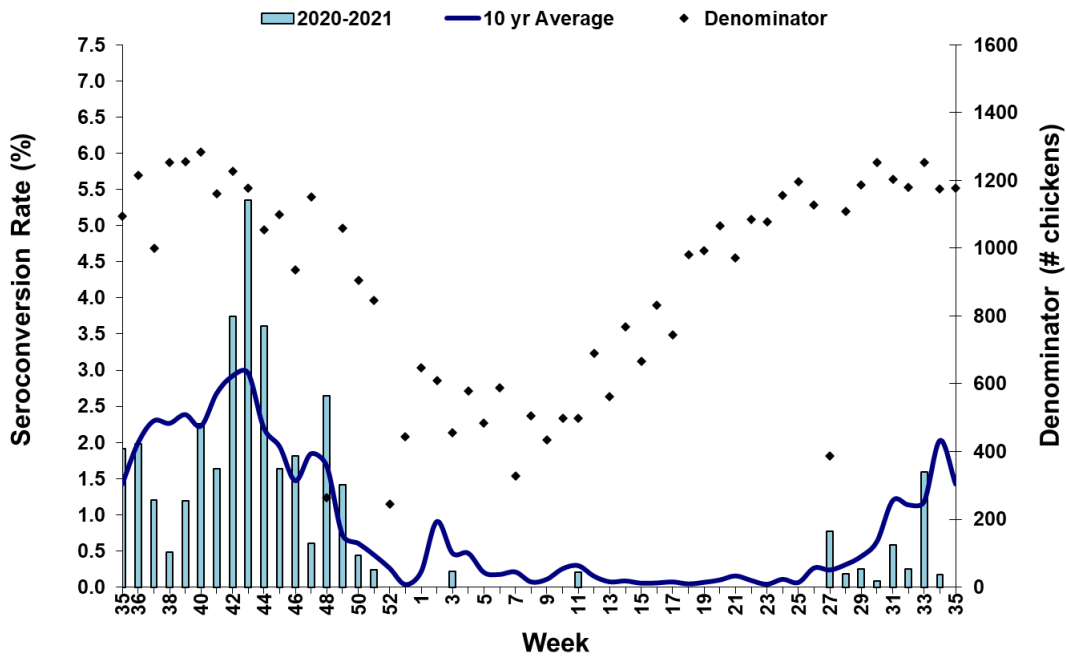
Sentinel Chickens

The table below is for the reporting of confirmatory laboratory results from this week. Some of the samples were collected at earlier dates. The date of collection is recorded for samples collected on that day along with the total number of positives and the corresponding seroconversion rate for the week the sample was collected.

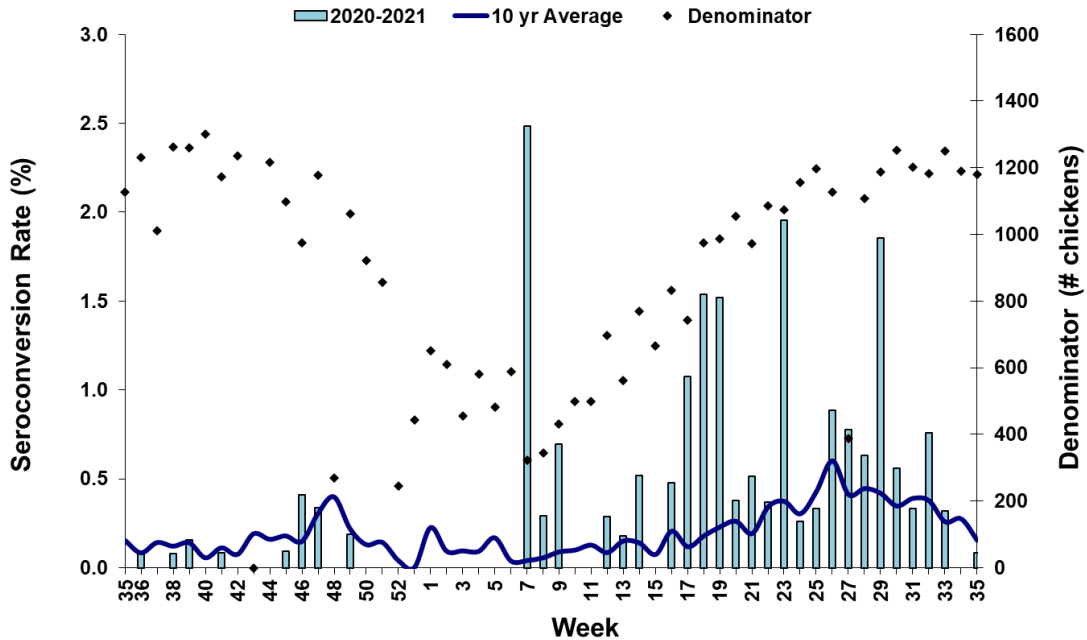
Two sentinel chickens tested positive for antibodies to WNV this week in Bay and Walton counties. One sentinel chicken tested positive for antibodies to EEEV this week in Walton County.

County	Collection Date	Seroconversion Rates (%)						County Totals	
		Flavi	SLEV	WNV	Alpha	EEEV	HJV	Collection Week	YTD
Bay	8/23/2021	7.14		7.14				1 WNV	5 WNV, 3 EEEV
Walton	8/23/2021	1.19		1.19				1 WNV	10 WNV, 55 EEEV
	8/30/2021				0.76	0.76		1 EEEV	

Sentinel Seroconversions to WNV in Florida, 2020-2021



Sentinel Seroconversions to EEEV in Florida, 2020-2021



Mosquito Pools

One mosquito pool tested positive for WNV this week in Collier County.

County	Collection Date	Result	Species	County YTD
Collier	8/06/2021	1 WNV	<i>Culex quinquefasciatus</i>	2 WNV

Dead Birds

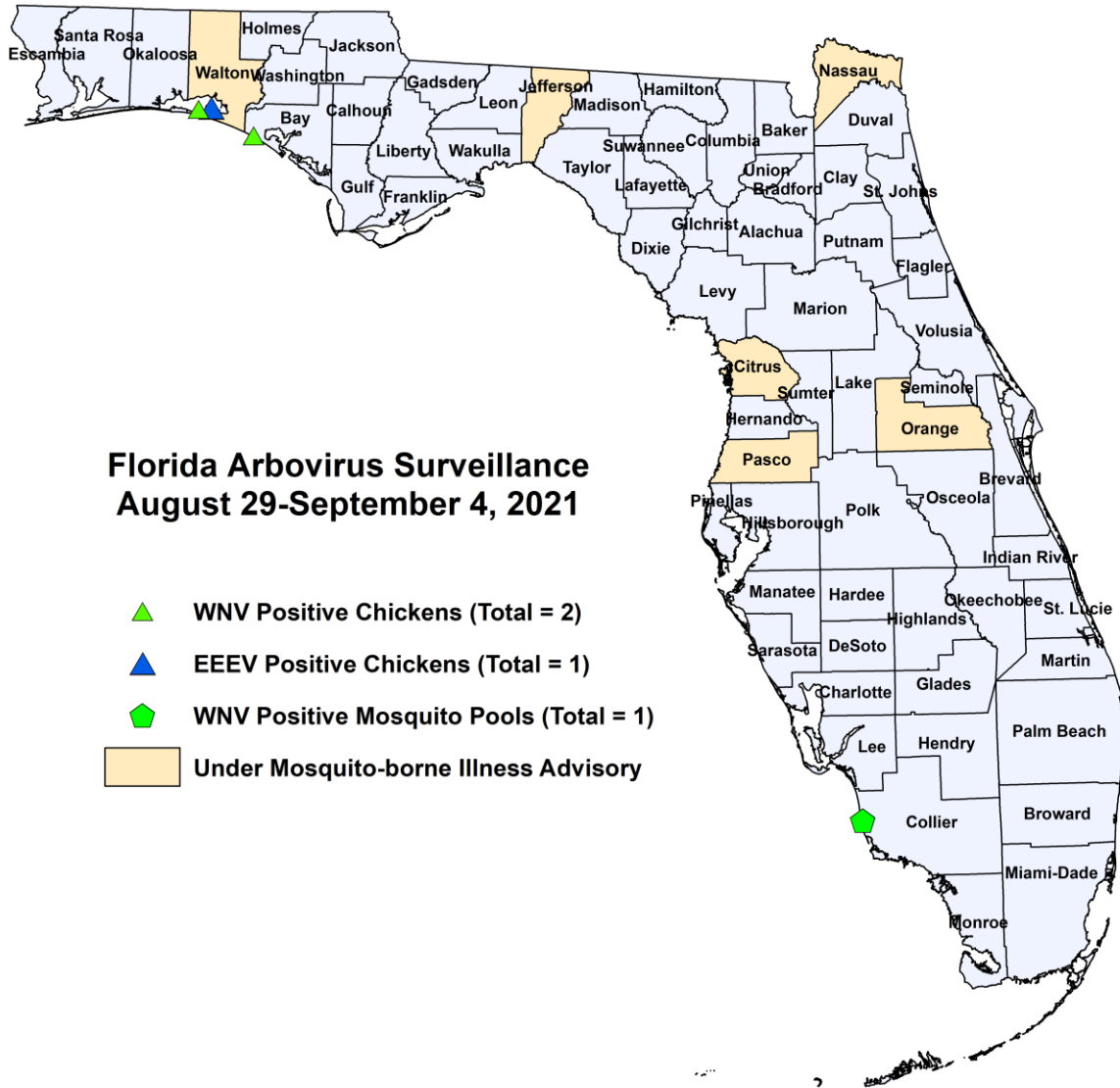
The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC) collects reports of dead birds, which can be an indication of arbovirus circulation in an area. This week, eight reports representing a total of 22 dead birds, including 15 doves, were received from four counties.

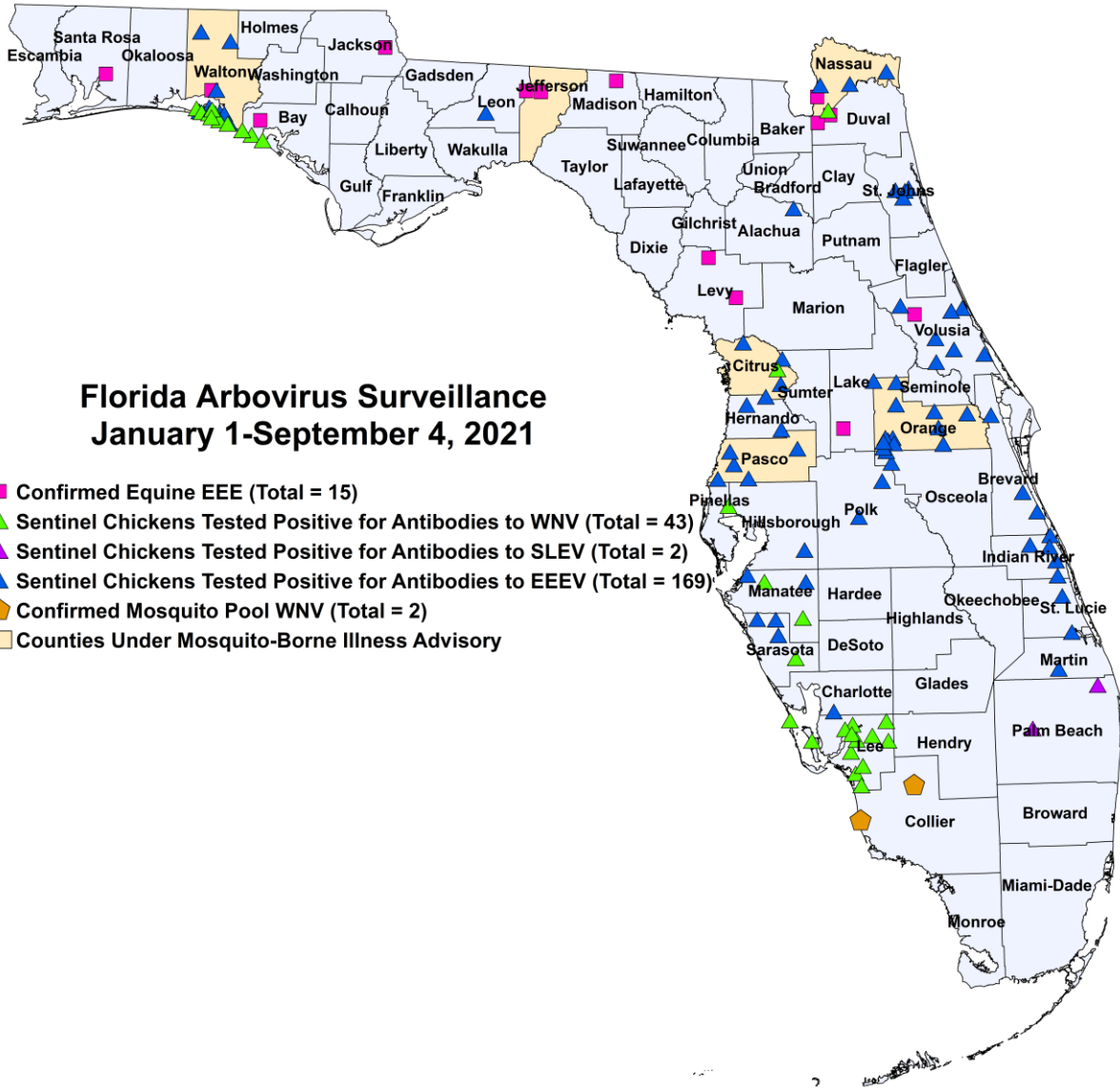
In 2021, 414 reports representing a total of 1,032 dead birds (61 crows, 26 jays, 81 raptors, 127 doves) were received from 49 of Florida's 67 counties.

2021

County	Total Dead Birds	Crows	Jays	Raptors	Doves
Charlotte	3	0	0	0	0
Lake	1	0	0	0	0
Palm Beach	15	0	0	0	15
Pinellas	3	0	0	0	0

Maps





Florida Arbovirus Surveillance January 1-September 4, 2021

- Confirmed Equine EEE (Total = 15)
- ▲ Sentinel Chickens Tested Positive for Antibodies to WNV (Total = 43)
- ▲ Sentinel Chickens Tested Positive for Antibodies to SLEV (Total = 2)
- ▲ Sentinel Chickens Tested Positive for Antibodies to EEEV (Total = 169)
- ◆ Confirmed Mosquito Pool WNV (Total = 2)
- Counties Under Mosquito-Borne Illness Advisory

2021 Arbovirus Activity by County	
County	Arbovirus Activity
Alachua	EEEV: 1 sentinel (7/6)
Bay	WNV: 5 sentinels (8/16, 8/23) EEEV: 1 horse (6/28), 3 sentinels (6/21, 7/19, 8/9)
Brevard	EEEV: 4 sentinels (4/2, 6/9, 6/16, 7/14)
Charlotte	EEEV: 1 sentinel (6/18)
Citrus	WNV: 1 sentinel (3/16) EEEV: 8 sentinels (3/2, 4/20, 5/3, 5/25, 8/10)
Collier	WNV: 2 mosquito pools (<i>Cx. nigripalpus</i> [7/13], <i>Cx. quinquefasciatus</i> [8/6])
Duval	EEEV: 1 horse (8/6)
Hernando	EEEV: 3 sentinels (6/7)
Hillsborough	EEEV: 1 sentinel (8/10)
Indian River	EEEV: 8 sentinels (4/8, 4/22, 5/7, 5/20, 7/22, 8/13)
Jackson	EEEV: 1 horse (6/16)
Jefferson	EEEV: 2 horses (6/22, 6/27)
Lake	EEEV: 1 horse (6/3)
Lee	WNV: 22 sentinels (7/7, 7/13, 7/19, 7/26, 8/2, 8/3, 8/16, 8/17) EEEV: 1 sentinel (6/1)

Leon	EEEV: 1 horse (6/6), 2 sentinels (8/10)
Levy	EEEV: 2 horses (4/18, 6/7)
Madison	EEEV: 1 horse (6/17)
Manatee	WNV: 2 sentinels (1/20, 8/10) EEEV: 4 sentinels (3/24, 4/7, 5/12, 5/19)
Martin	EEEV: 2 sentinels (5/28, 7/23)
Nassau	WNV: 1 sentinel (8/14) EEEV: 2 horses (4/22, 6/8), 11 sentinels (6/26, 7/10, 7/17, 7/24, 7/31, 8/7, 8/14)
Orange	EEEV: 29 sentinels (2/15, 2/22, 3/1, 3/22, 5/10, 5/17, 6/7, 6/28, 7/6, 7/12, 7/19, 7/26, 8/16)
Palm Beach	SLEV: 2 sentinels (4/19, 4/20)
Pasco	EEEV: 8 sentinels (5/10, 6/6, 6/14, 6/21, 7/26)
Pinellas	WNV: 1 sentinel (8/2)
Polk	EEEV: 3 sentinels (5/14, 5/28, 7/23)
Santa Rosa	EEEV: 1 horse (8/1)
Sarasota	WNV: 1 sentinel (8/13) EEEV: 6 sentinels (5/4, 5/18, 6/11)
St. Johns	EEEV: 8 sentinels (4/26, 5/3, 6/1, 6/28)
St. Lucie	EEEV: 2 sentinels (5/26)
Volusia	EEEV: 1 horse (1/11), 9 sentinels (2/15, 4/19, 4/26, 5/3, 6/1, 6/7, 8/16)
Walton	WNV: 10 sentinels (8/2, 8/17, 8/23) EEEV: 1 horse (7/25), 55 sentinels (4/5, 4/26, 5/3, 5/4, 5/10, 6/7, 6/21, 6/28, 6/30, 7/12, 7/19, 7/20, 7/26, 8/2, 8/3, 8/9, 8/30)

Acknowledgements and Data Sources

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For more surveillance information, please see the DOH website at: www.floridahealth.gov/diseases-and-conditions/mosquito-borne-diseases/surveillance.html

For arbovirus surveillance information for the United States, please see the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention website at: www.cdc.gov/ncidod/dvbid/westnile/surv&control.htm

Case tallies included in the weekly Florida arbovirus surveillance report include confirmed and probable cases for EEE, WNV infection, SLE, dengue, chikungunya, and malaria by date of onset. Suspect cases are not included. Activity is mapped by county of exposure rather than county of residence. Case definitions being used in Florida are consistent with national criteria provided by the Council of State and Territorial Epidemiologists (CSTE) and may be viewed at: www.floridahealth.gov/diseases-and-conditions/disease-reporting-and-management/disease-reporting-and-surveillance/index.html. Case tallies reported by CDC do not include suspect cases and cases are reported by patient state of residence rather than where the exposure occurred. Data is provided by county health departments, Department of Health Bureau of Public Health Laboratories, Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, mosquito control agencies, Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, medical providers and veterinarians. Equine cases are provided by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.