

Tuberculosis Morbidity, Florida 2019



F a c t s h e e t

In 2019, 558 tuberculosis cases were reported in Florida. This represents a 5.6% decrease in cases from 2018 (591).

Gender

- Men 65% (362/558)
- Women 35% (196/558)

Nationality

- U.S. Born 35% (194/558)
- Foreign-Born 65% (364/558)

Age Group*

- 0-4 2% (9/558)
- 5-14 2% (12/558)
- 15-24 11% (60/558)
- 25-44 29% (164/558)
- 45-64 34% (190/558)
- 65 and over 22% (123/558)

Ethnicity/Race

- Hispanic 32% (181/558)
- White, Non-Hispanic 18% (103/558)
- Black/African American, Non-Hispanic 36% (199/558)
- Asian/Pacific Islander 13% (73/558)
- Other <1% (2/558)

Risk Factors

- Excess alcohol use w/in past year 13% (74/558)
- HIV Co-infection 9% (51/558)
- Homelessness 4% (24/558)
- Illicit drug use within past year 10% (54/558)
- Diabetes 14% (76/558)
- Incarcerated at diagnosis 1% (8/558)

Drug Resistance⁺

- Resistant to Isoniazid 5% (22/436)
- Resistant to Isoniazid and Rifampin (Multi-Drug Resistant) 1.6% (7/436)

Note: Some percentages have been rounded and may not equal 100%.

*Age is at date suspected TB is reported to the health department.

⁺Cohort includes only cases with drug susceptibility results reported.

Data current as of 3/23/20.

For more information please contact:
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