

## Tuberculosis Morbidity, Florida 2023



# F a c t S h e e t

In 2023, 624 tuberculosis cases were reported in Florida. TB morbidity in 2023 was 16.6% higher than in 2022 (535 cases) and is the highest count of reported TB cases since 2016.

### Gender

- Men 61% (380/624)
- Women 39% (244/624)

### Nationality

- U.S. Born 22% (138/624)
- Non U.S. Born 78% (486/624)

### Age Group

- 0-4 1% (6/624)
- 5-14 1% (14/624)
- 15-24 12% (60/624)
- 25-44 33% (236/624)
- 45-64 31% (190/624)
- 65 and over 22% (116/624)

### Ethnicity/Race\*

- Hispanic 42.5% (221/624)
- White, Non-Hispanic 13% (90/624)
- Black/African American, Non-Hispanic 30.4% (158/624)
- Asian/Pacific Islander 12.5% (61/624)

### Risk Factors<sup>^</sup>

- Excess alcohol use w/in past year 8% (50/624)
- HIV Co-infection 6% (37/624)
- Homelessness 4% (24/624)
- Illicit drug use within past year 6% (37/624)
- Diabetes 18% (113/624)

### Drug Resistance<sup>+</sup>

- Resistant to Isoniazid 6% (25/418)
- Resistant to Isoniazid and Rifampin (Multi-Drug Resistant) 2.5% (12/418)

Note: Some percentages have been rounded and therefore total may not equal 100%.

\*Less than 2% of TB cases were reported 'Other/Unknown' race/ethnicity.

<sup>^</sup>Not all cases report a risk factor, therefore, percentages will not total 100%.

<sup>+</sup>Cohort includes only cases with drug susceptibility results reported.

Data current as of 5/1/24.

For more information please contact:  
Florida Department of Health  
Division of Disease Control and Health Protection  
TB Control Section  
(850) 245-4350